



**SPECIAL PROVISIONS
FOR
CEMENT STABILIZATION**

**Jasper County
STP-S-C050(154)--5E-50**

**Effective Date
April 21, 2026**

THE STANDARD SPECIFICATIONS, SERIES 2023, ARE AMENDED BY THE FOLLOWING MODIFICATIONS AND ADDITIONS. THESE ARE SPECIAL PROVISIONS AND THEY SHALL PREVAIL OVER THOSE PUBLISHED IN THE STANDARD SPECIFICATIONS.

231075.01 GENERAL PROVISIONS.

- A.** The Contractor shall follow all provisions herein when constructing cement stabilized subgrade. This special provision shall be used in lieu of the mineral stabilizing agent within Section 2116 of the Standard Specifications.
- B.** The Contractor shall construct the cement stabilized subgrade by uniformly mixing the existing road and subgrade materials, Portland cement, and water to a depth as specified in the project documents. The final mixture shall be of uniform gradation and free of soft areas.

231075.02 MATERIALS.

Materials used in the construction of the cement stabilized subgrade shall meet the following requirements with proper certification standards:

- A. Cement:** Meet the requirements of AASHTO M 85 or AASHTO M 240.
- B. Water:** Meet the requirements of Section 4102 of the Standard Specifications.

231075.03 EQUIPMENT.

Equipment used in the construction of the cement stabilized subgrade shall meet the following specifications.

A. Reclaimer Machine.

The mine and blend machine shall meet the following additional requirements:

1. Capability of pushing a supply tanker or distributor via an interlocking hitch.
2. Computerized water proportioning system being capable of monitoring water application with regard to depth of blending, width of blending, speed, and material density. Non-contact flow

meters shall be employed to measure liquid volumes, and the control systems shall be proportional to the machine's advancing speed and shall be capable of maintaining accurate mixing regardless of changes in the machine's working speed.

3. The water applied directly into the mixing chamber.
4. A machine able to uniformly mix material into a uniform gradation.
5. A machine able to make "on the fly" changes to quantities of materials being added to the subgrade, regardless of the machine's speed.
6. The machine must be able to measure liquid volumes and include automated nozzle cleaning and partial spray bar use.
7. All pumps on the machine must be in working condition and the operator able to verify that all nozzles are open and working properly. The operator shall be able to switch nozzles on and off for working at reduced or extended widths.
8. All pumps shall be separately controlled by the automatic system in the operator's cabin. During automatic operation, the system will allow liquids to be added only when the machine is in motion. There shall be a system allowing the operator to verify that the nozzles on the spray bars are open and working from the operator's cabin.
9. The pump shall spray liquid into the mixing chamber through a single spray bar with 16 spray nozzles. The nozzles shall be self-cleaning and the operator shall be able to switch off any number of individual nozzles, for working at reduced widths, from the control console in the operator's cabin.
10. Any damage caused by the Contractor's equipment riding on the subgrade shall be repaired at the Contractor's expense.

B. Refer to Article 2116.03, B, 3 of the Standard Specifications for roller equipment.

231075.04 CONSTRUCTION.

A. Weather.

Do not begin stabilization work if the following weather conditions are to happen within 24 hours after stabilization:

- Frozen Subgrade.
- The temperature is below 40°F or expected to drop under 40°F for 4 hours.
- Rain.
- Wind speeds of 15 mph or greater unless approved by the Engineer prior to stabilization work.

B. Tolerance.

Before the cement application and blending process, grade the subgrade to the lines and grades shown on the plans. Trim the subgrade with equipment using automatic grade control of the cutting edge. The subgrade tolerance shall be 0.00 inch to -1.0 inch of the grades shown on the plans. There shall be no mass grading after the cement is blended into the subgrade.

C. Cement Application and Blending.

1. The approved rate of Portland cement indicated in the contract documents will be incorporated into the roadway subgrade. The deviation from target range will not exceed $\pm 0.5\%$ of the approved mix design rate. Calibration and yield checks will be required daily to ensure the Portland cement is being applied within the tolerance allowed in this project. The Engineer may request a yield check at any time.

2. Distribute the Portland cement via computerized vane feeder on the subgrade prior to mixing. Do not dump or blow the Portland cement onto the subgrade. Do not spread Portland cement over puddled water. Exercise care in application of Portland cement to minimize the loss of cement as dust.
3. The application and mixing of Portland cement into the subgrade shall be continuous in nature so that no section of mixed material is left undisturbed or finished for 20 minutes. Begin compaction immediately after the incorporation of water. Complete finishing within 2 hours from the time of cement application. The blending operation shall take place immediately after the Portland cement is fed onto the subgrade.
4. The first 150 feet of roadway section shall be considered a test section. The test section will be used to determine whether the Special Provisions have been met. The Engineer will determine if the work done is satisfactory prior to continuation of the cement stabilization process. Correct or modify procedures accordingly until work is acceptable to the Engineer. Correct all deficiencies at no cost to the Contracting Authority.

D. Compaction.

1. Compact the mixture immediately after the blending operation. The mixture shall be homogenous in nature with uniform density throughout the section. Moisture content shall be within $\pm 2\%$ of the optimum moisture immediately prior to compaction. If this requirement is not met, moisten the section until the mixture meets this requirement. Do not leave any section undisturbed for longer than 30 minutes during compaction operations.
2. Carry out compaction simultaneously with lay down operations. Use a vibratory sheepsfoot/vibratory pad roller on the mixture until the pads of the roller penetrate the surface a maximum of 0.5 inch. Then utilize a pneumatic roller or vibratory steel drum roller until the surface is tightly bound and the subgrade shows no signs of rutting or displacement. Compact the subgrade to the maximum density as specified in the plans.

E. Finishing.

As the compaction process is completed, continuously shape and/or cut the subgrade will be to the final subgrades as per the contract documents. The prescribed tolerance shall not exceed ± 0.5 inch. Continue compaction until the specified density is obtained. During compaction, keep the surface moist by spraying water on the surface. Upon completion, the surface shall be free of cracks, ridges, or loose material. Complete all finishing operations within 2 hours from start of mixing.

F. Soft Areas.

Utilize proof rolling to identify soft or unstable areas after the compaction process. If soft or unstable areas appear after operations due to poor compaction, repair the area by reworking the blended base to obtain adequate compaction. The cost of re-working the subgrade shall be included in the bid price for cement stabilized subgrade.

G. Application of Water.

Apply water as needed to secure required results. Keep the cement treated surface damp until placement of an overlying aggregate subbase.

H. Maintenance.

Maintenance shall include immediate repairs of the subgrade. If repairs on processed material need to be made, use full depth vertical cuts with cement processed material as backfill.

I. Contractor Operations.

The Contractor must have an individual on site at all times capable of making decisions and recommendations to the Engineer as field conditions change throughout the project to assure the best possible product.

231075.05 METHOD OF MEASUREMENT.

Measurement will be as follows:

A. Cement Stabilized Subgrade.

Square yards satisfactorily completed computed from the measured longitudinal length of the surface prepared to the nearest 0.1 foot to and the width of the pavement specified in the contract documents.

B. Mineral Stabilizing Agent, Portland Cement.

Dry tons by delivery tanker quantity.

C. Water for Cement Stabilized Subgrade Construction will be measured and paid separately.

231075.06 BASIS OF PAYMENT.

Payment will be the contract unit price as follows:

A. Cement Stabilized Subgrade.

1. Per square yard.
2. Payment is full compensation for all labor, equipment and materials necessary for preparation, reclaiming, shaping and compaction of the reclaimed and stabilized materials.

B. Mineral Stabilizing Agent, Portland Cement.

1. Per dry ton.
2. Payment is full compensation for all labor, equipment and material necessary for furnishing the agent, and application of the agent into the reclaimed subgrade materials.

C. Water.

1. Contract unit price per 1000 gallons.
2. Payment is full compensation for all materials, equipment, tools, and labor necessary to complete the work according to the contract documents.