Clarinda-Schenck Field Airport

**Pavement Management Report** 

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## CLARINDA-SCHENCK FIELD AIRPORT PAVEMENT MANAGEMENT REPORT

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Introduction August 2025

#### INTRODUCTION

Applied Pavement Technology, Inc. (APTech), with assistance from Robinson Engineering Company Consulting Engineers (Robinson), updated the Airport Pavement Management System (APMS) for the Iowa Department of Transportation, Modal Transportation Bureau (Iowa DOT). The APMS provides a means to monitor the condition of the pavements within the State of Iowa and to proactively plan for their preservation.

As part of this project, pavement conditions at Clarinda-Schenck Field Airport were visually assessed in March 2025 using the Pavement Condition Index (PCI) procedure. During a PCI inspection, the types, severities, and amounts of distress present on the pavement surface are quantified. This information is then used to develop a composite index that represents the overall condition of the pavement in numerical terms, ranging from 0 (*Failed*) to 100 (*Excellent*). The PCI provides an overall measure of condition and an indication of the level of work that will be required to maintain or repair a pavement. The distress information also provides insight into what is causing the pavement to deteriorate, which is the first step in selecting the appropriate repair action to correct the problem.

Programmed into an APMS, PCI data and results are used to determine when preventive maintenance actions (such as crack or joint sealing) are advisable and to identify the most cost-effective time to perform major rehabilitation (such as an overlay or whitetopping). Delaying maintenance and rehabilitation (M&R) until a pavement structure has seriously degraded can cost many times more than if M&R was applied earlier in a pavement's life cycle, as shown in Figure 1. From a safety perspective, pavement distresses, such as cracks and loose debris, may pose risks in terms of the potential for aircraft tire damage and the ability of a pilot to safely control aircraft.

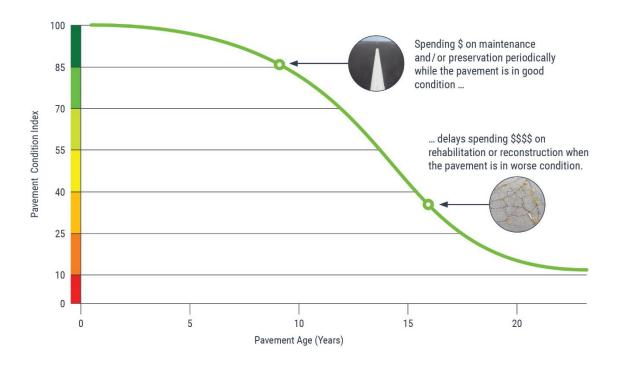


Figure 1. Pavement condition versus cost of repair.

Introduction August 2025

The pavement evaluation results for Clarinda-Schenck Field Airport are presented within this report and can be used by Clarinda-Schenck Field Airport, the Iowa DOT, and the Federal Aviation Administration (FAA) to identify, prioritize, and schedule pavement M&R actions at the airport. In addition to this report, the web-based interactive pavement data visualization tool IDEA, containing the information collected during this project, was updated and may be accessed from the Iowa DOT's website or directly (Iowa APMS IDEA).

Pavement Inventory August 2025

#### PAVEMENT INVENTORY

The project began with a review of the existing inventory information pertaining to the pavements at Clarinda-Schenck Field Airport. The date of original construction, along with the date of any subsequent rehabilitation; the location of completed work; and the type of work undertaken were gathered. The information was used to update the pavement management database and associated maps, as necessary, to account for pavement-related work that had been undertaken since the last time the airport was evaluated in 2021.

The pavement network at Clarinda-Schenck Field Airport was then divided into branches, sections, and sample units. A branch is a single entity that serves a distinct function. For example, a runway is considered a branch because it serves a single function (allowing aircraft to take off and land). Taxiways, aprons, and T-hangars are also separate branches.

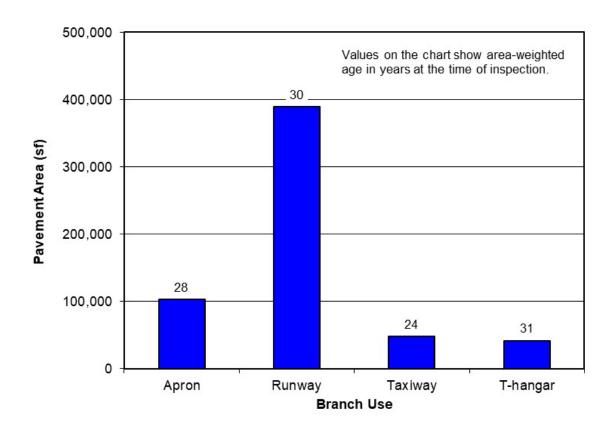
Each branch was further divided into sections. Traditionally, sections are defined as parts of the branch that share common attributes, such as cross section, date of last construction, traffic level, and performance. Using this approach, if a runway was built in 1968 and then extended in 1984, it would contain two separate sections.

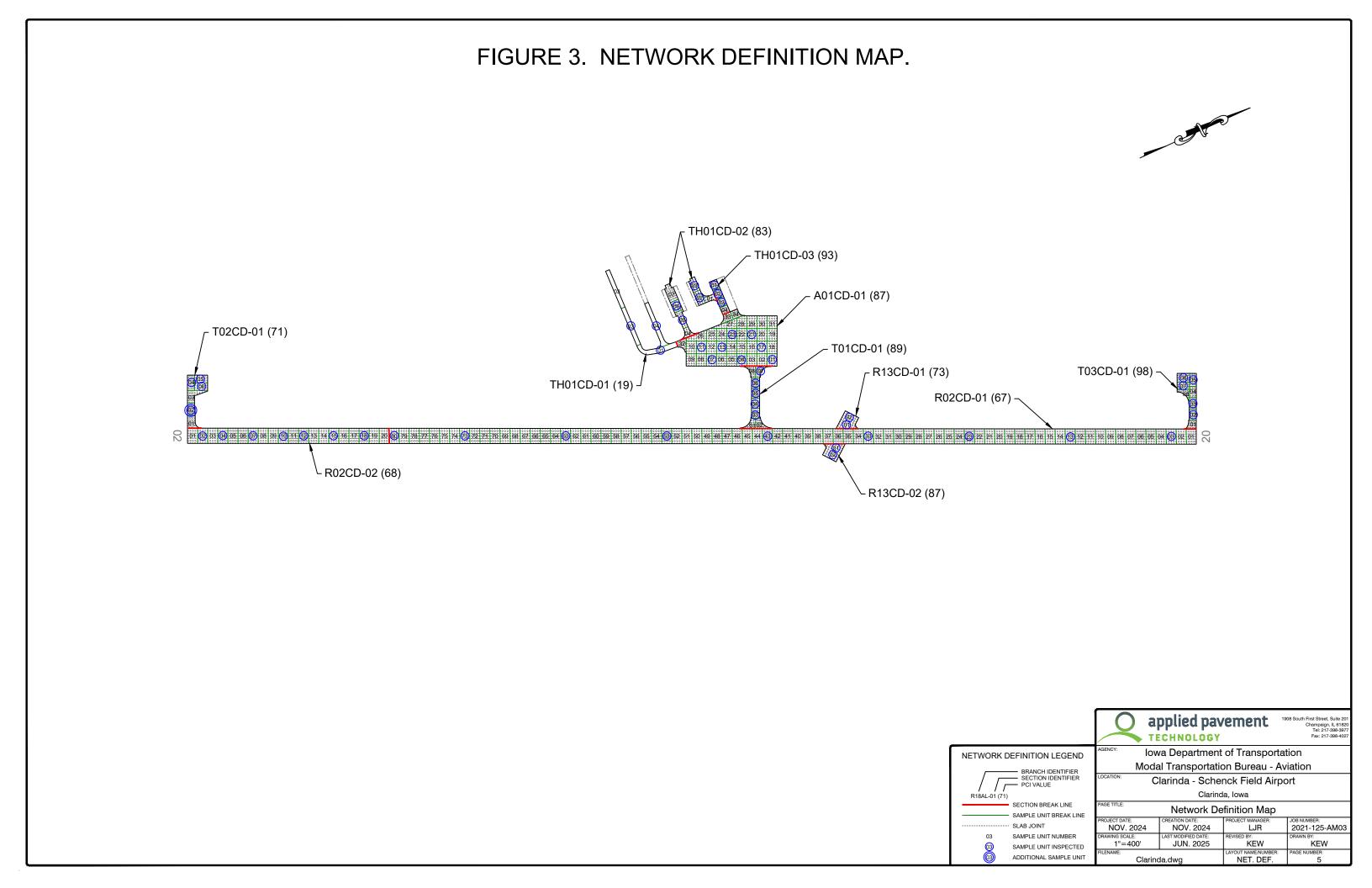
To estimate the overall condition of a pavement section, each section was subdivided into sample units. Portions of these sample units were evaluated during the pavement inspection, and the collected information was extrapolated to predict the overall section condition and quantities of distress.

Approximately 580,500 square feet of pavement were evaluated at Clarinda-Schenck Field Airport, as illustrated in Figure 2. This figure also shows the area-weighted age in years of the pavements at the time of the inspection. Figure 3 provides a map that details how the pavement network was divided into management units and identifies the sample units that were evaluated during the pavement inspection at Clarinda-Schenck Field Airport.

Pavement Inventory August 2025

Figure 2. Pavement area by branch use at Clarinda-Schenck Field Airport.





#### **PAVEMENT EVALUATION**

#### **Pavement Evaluation Procedure**

APTech visually inspected the pavements at Clarinda-Schenck Field Airport using the PCI procedure described in:

- FAA Advisory Circular 150/5380-6C, <u>Guidelines and Procedures for Maintenance of Airport Pavements</u>.
- FAA Advisory Circular 150/5380-7B, Airport Pavement Management Program (PMP).
- ASTM D5340, Standard Test Method for Airport Pavement Condition Index Surveys.

During the PCI inspection, a cursory inspection of the entirety of a pavement section was performed. Sample units identified for more detailed inspection were verified, and adjustments to the selected sample units for inspection were made as needed to ensure an accurate assessment of the pavement's condition. Data pertaining to the types, severities, and quantities of observed pavement distresses were then collected within each sample unit. These data were then used to calculate the composite PCI of each pavement section. The PCI provides a numerical indication of overall pavement condition, as illustrated in Figure 4. The PCI ranges from a value of 0, which represents a pavement in a *Failed* condition, to a value of 100, which represents a pavement in *Excellent* condition with no visible signs of deterioration. It is important to note that factors other than overall PCI need to be considered when identifying the appropriate type of repair, including types of distress present and rate of deterioration. Also, since the PCI does not assess the structural integrity or capacity of the pavement structure, further testing may be needed to validate and refine the treatment strategy.

PCI: 100

PCI: 83

Figure 4. Visual representation of PCI scale on typical pavement surfaces.

Note: Photographs shown are not specific to Clarinda-Schenck Field Airport.

PCI: 66

Generally, pavements with relatively high PCIs that are not exhibiting significant load-related distress will benefit from preventive maintenance actions, such as crack sealing or joint resealing. As the PCI drops, the pavements may require major rehabilitation, such as an overlay or whitetopping. In some situations where the PCI has dropped low enough, reconstruction may be the only viable alternative due to the substantial damage to the pavement structure. Figure 5 illustrates how the appropriate repair type varies with the PCI of a pavement section and provides the corresponding colors used for the maps and charts in this report for each range of PCIs.

PCI Range

86-100

71-85

Preventive Maintenance

56-70

Major Rehabilitation

26-40

11-25

Reconstruction

Figure 5. PCI versus repair type.

The types of distress identified during the PCI inspection provide insight into the cause of pavement deterioration, which is useful when selecting M&R strategies. Understanding the cause of distress helps in selecting a rehabilitation alternative that corrects the cause and thus eliminates or delays its recurrence. PCI distress types are characterized as:

- Load-related—These distress types are defined as being caused by aircraft or vehicular traffic and may indicate a structural deficiency. Examples of load-related distress include alligator cracking on asphalt-surfaced pavements and corner breaks on portland cement concrete (PCC) pavements.
- Climate/durability-related—These distress types often signify the presence of aged or environmentally susceptible (or both) material and include durability-related issues.
   Examples of climate/durability-related distress include weathering on asphalt-surfaced pavements, which is climate-related, and durability cracking on PCC pavements, which is durability-related.
- Other—Distress types that fall into this category cannot be attributed solely to load or climate/durability. Examples of this type of distress include depressions on asphaltsurfaced pavements and shrinkage cracking on PCC pavements.

Appendix A identifies the distress types considered during a PCI inspection and describes the likely cause of each distress type. It should be noted that a PCI is based on visual signs of pavement deterioration and does not provide a measure of structural capacity.

#### **Pavement Evaluation Results**

The pavements at Clarinda-Schenck Field Airport were inspected in March 2025. The 2025 area-weighted condition of Clarinda-Schenck Field Airport is 72, with conditions ranging from 19 to 98 (on a scale of 0 [failed] to 100 [excellent]). During the previous pavement inspection in 2021, the area-weighted PCI of the airport was 76.

Figure 6 summarizes the overall condition of the pavements at Clarinda-Schenck Field Airport, and Figure 7 presents area-weighted condition (average PCI adjusted to account for the relative size of the pavement sections) by branch use. Figure 8 is a map that displays the condition of the evaluated pavements. Table 1 summarizes the results of the pavement evaluation. Appendix B presents photographs taken during the PCI inspection, and Appendix C contains detailed information on the distress types observed during the visual survey. Appendix D includes detailed work history information that was collected during the record review process.



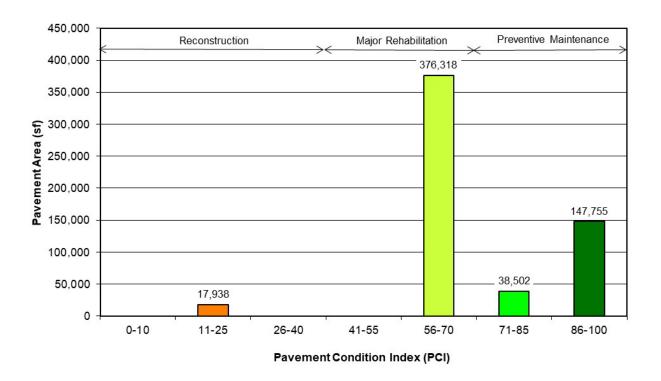
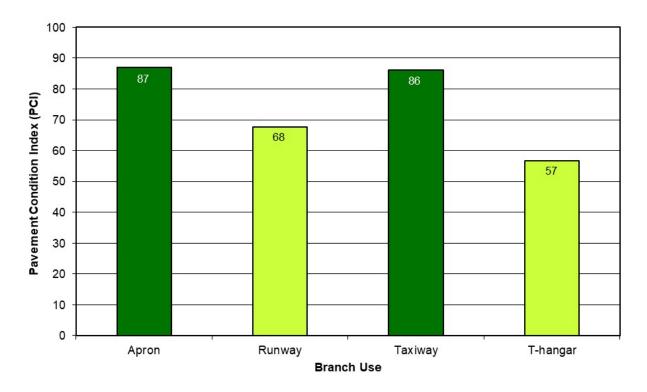
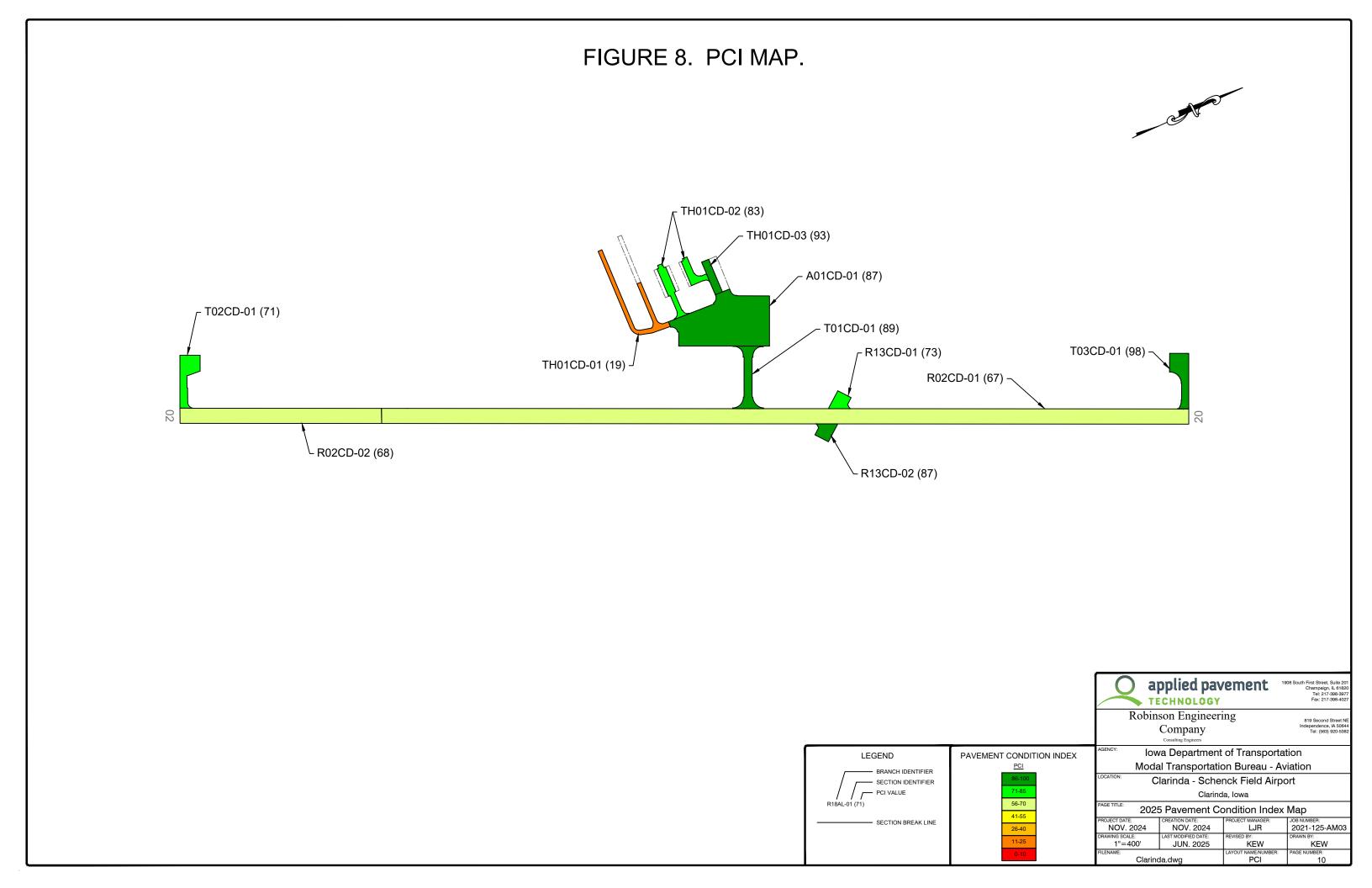


Figure 7. Area-weighted PCI by branch use at Clarinda-Schenck Field Airport.

(Values on chart are area weighted.)





Pavement Evaluation

Table 1. 2025 pavement evaluation results.

Branch	Section	Surface Type	Section Area (sf)	LCD	2025 PCI	% Distress Due to Load	% Distress Due to Climate/ Durability	% Distress Due to Other	Type of Distress
A01CD	01	PCC	102,599	1/3/1997	87	0	11	89	ASR, Corner Spalling, Faulting, Joint Seal Damage, Shrinkage Cracking
R02CD	01	PCC	301,325	6/1/1995	67	8	5	87	ASR, Corner Spalling, Faulting, Joint Seal Damage, Large Patch, LTD Cracking, Small Patch
R02CD	02	PCC	74,993	6/1/1997	68	6	21	73	ASR, Faulting, Joint Seal Damage, LTD Cracking, Small Patch
R13CD	01	PCC	6,288	1/1/1997	73	8	7	85	Corner Spalling, Faulting, Joint Seal Damage, LTD Cracking
R13CD	02	PCC	6,288	1/1/1997	87	56	13	31	Faulting, Joint Seal Damage, LTD Cracking
T01CD	01	PCC	15,894	1/3/1997	89	14	14	72	ASR, Joint Spalling, Joint Seal Damage, LTD Cracking
T02CD	01	PCC	15,574	6/1/1997	71	0	15	85	ASR, Faulting, Joint Seal Damage
T03CD	01	PCC	16,322	4/3/2009	98	0	100	0	Joint Seal Damage
TH01CD	01	AC	17,938	1/1/1970	19	24	73	3	Alligator Cracking, L&T Cracking, Patching, Raveling, Rutting, Shoving, Weathering
TH01CD	02	PCC	16,640	7/1/2011	83	10	71	19	Corner Spalling, Joint Spalling, Joint Seal Damage, LTD Cracking, Shrinkage Cracking
TH01CD	03	PCC	6,652	7/1/2018	93	0	100	0	Joint Seal Damage

#### Table Notes:

- 1. See Figure 3 for the location of the branch and section.
- 2. Surface Type: AC = asphalt cement concrete; AAC = asphalt overlay on AC; PCC = portland cement concrete; APC = asphalt overlay on PCC.
- 3. LCD = last construction date.
- 4. Distress due to load includes distress types that are attributed to a structural deficiency in the pavement, such as alligator cracking or rutting on asphalt-surfaced pavements or shattered slabs on PCC pavements.
- 5. Distress due to climate or durability includes distress types that are attributed to either the aging of the pavement and the effects of the environment (such as weathering, raveling, or block cracking on asphalt-surfaced pavements) or to a materials-related problem (such as durability cracking or alkali-silica

#### Table 1. 2023 pavement evaluation results (continued).

reaction [ASR] on PCC pavements). If materials-related distresses were recorded during the inspection, further laboratory testing is required to definitively determine the type present.

- 6. Distress due to other refers to distress types that are not attributed to one factor but rather may be caused by a combination of factors.
- 7. Distress types are defined by ASTM D5340. L&T cracking = longitudinal and transverse cracking; LTD cracking = longitudinal, transverse, and diagonal cracking; ASR = alkali-silica reaction.

#### **Inspection Comments**

Clarinda-Schenck Field Airport was inspected on March 28, 2025. There were 11 pavement sections defined during the inspection. Alkali-silica reaction (ASR) was recorded at this airport according to the PCI procedure. The ASR was recorded where evidence of a precipitate was observed within some of the cracking in the PCC surface. It should be noted that laboratory testing in the form of petrographic analysis is the only definitive way to validate the presence of ASR; however, the formation of a precipitate is evidence of a reaction consistent with this type of materials-related distress.

#### Runways

Runway 02/20 contained two sections. Section 01 had low- and high-severity ASR; low- and medium-severity corner spalling; and low-severity faulting, joint seal damage, large patching, small patching, and longitudinal, transverse, and diagonal (LTD) cracking. Low- and medium-severity joint seal damage and low-severity ASR, faulting, LTD cracking, and small patching were recorded in Section 02.

Runway 13/31 consisted of two sections. Low- and medium-severity faulting and low-severity corner spalling, joint seal damage, and LTD cracking were recorded in Section 01 while low-severity faulting, joint seal damage, and LTD cracking were noted in Section 02.

#### **Taxiways**

Taxiway 01 was comprised of one section that connected the apron area to Runway 02/20. Medium-severity joint spalling and low-severity ASR, joint seal damage, and LTD cracking were observed in Section 01.

Taxiway 02 consisted of one section. Section 01 had low- and medium-severity ASR along with medium-severity joint seal damage. An atypical area of low-severity faulting was observed and recorded as an additional sample unit in accordance with ASTM D5340.

Taxiway 03 contained one section that was in *Excellent* condition with only low-severity joint seal damage identified throughout.

#### **Apron**

The apron area consisted of one section which had areas of shrinkage cracking and low-severity ASR, corner spalling, faulting, and joint seal damage observed at the time of inspection.

#### T-Hangar

The T-hangar area was defined by three sections. Section 01 was in *Poor* condition with medium-severity alligator cracking and shoving, medium- and high-severity patching and longitudinal and transverse (L&T) cracking, high-severity raveling and weathering, and low-severity rutting observed during the inspection. Medium-severity L&T cracking was recorded where unsealed crack widths exceeded 1/4 inch, while high-severity L&T cracking was identified where crack width exceeded 3 inches. Low- and medium-severity corner spalling, medium- and high-severity joint seal damage, medium-severity joint spalling, low-severity LTD cracking, and shrinkage cracking were recorded in Section 02. Only medium-severity joint seal damage was recorded throughout Section 03.

#### PAVEMENT MAINTENANCE AND REHABILITATION PROGRAM

Using the information collected during the pavement inspection, the PAVER pavement management software was used to develop a 5-year M&R program for Clarinda-Schenck Field Airport. In addition, a 1-year plan for localized preventive maintenance (such as crack sealing and patching) was prepared.

#### **Analysis Parameters**

#### Critical PCIs

PAVER uses critical PCIs to determine whether localized preventive maintenance or major rehabilitation is the appropriate repair action. Above the critical PCI, localized preventive maintenance activities are recommended. Below the critical PCI, major rehabilitation actions, such as an overlay or reconstruction, are recommended. The lowa DOT set the critical PCIs at 65 for runways, 60 for taxiways, and 55 for aprons and T-hangars.

#### Localized Preventive Maintenance Policies and Unit Costs

Localized preventive maintenance policies were developed for asphalt-surfaced and PCC pavements. These policies, shown in Appendix E, identify the localized preventive maintenance actions that the lowa DOT considered appropriate to correct the different distress types and severities. The lowa DOT provided unit costs for each of the localized preventive maintenance actions included in these policies, and these costs are detailed in Appendix E. Please note that this information is of a general nature for the entire State. The localized preventive maintenance policies and unit costs may require adjustments to reflect specific conditions at Clarinda-Schenck Field Airport.

#### Major Rehabilitation Unit Costs

PAVER estimates the cost of major rehabilitation based on the predicted PCI of the pavement section. The lowa DOT provided the costs for major rehabilitation, and they are presented in Appendix E. If major rehabilitation is recommended in the 5-year program, further engineering investigation will be needed to identify the most appropriate rehabilitation action and to estimate the cost of such work more accurately.

#### **Budget and Inflation Rate**

An unlimited budget with a start date of July 1, 2025, and an inflation rate of 2.3 percent was used during the analysis.

#### **Analysis Approach**

The 5-year M&R program was prepared with the goal of maintaining the pavements above established critical PCIs. During this analysis, major rehabilitation was recommended for pavements in the year they dropped below their critical PCI. For the first year (2025) of the analysis only, a localized preventive maintenance plan was developed for those pavement sections that were above their critical PCI. If major rehabilitation was triggered for a section in 2026 or 2027, then localized preventive maintenance was not recommended for 2025. While localized preventive maintenance should be an annual undertaking at Clarinda-Schenck Field Airport, it is not possible to accurately predict the propagation of cracking and other distress types. Therefore, the airport should budget for maintenance every year and can use the 2025 localized preventive maintenance plan as a baseline for that work. As the pavements age, it can be assumed that the amount of localized preventive maintenance required will increase.

#### **Analysis Results**

A summary of the M&R program for Clarinda-Schenck Field Airport is presented in Table 2. Detailed information on the recommended localized preventive maintenance plan for 2025 is provided in Appendix F.

Surface **Estimated** Year **Branch** Section **Type** Type of Repair Cost R02CD **PCC** Preventive Maintenance 2025 01 \$26,348 2025 R02CD 02 **PCC** Preventive Maintenance \$5,103 2025 R13CD 01 PCC Preventive Maintenance \$5 2025 Preventive Maintenance T01CD 01 **PCC** \$398 Preventive Maintenance 2025 T02CD 01 **PCC** \$34,232 2025 TH01CD 01 AC Major Rehabilitation \$202,512 2025 TH01CD 02 **PCC** Preventive Maintenance \$10,614 2025 TH01CD 03 **PCC** Preventive Maintenance \$3,883 2028 R02CD 01 PCC Major Rehabilitation \$2,877,577 2029 R02CD 02 PCC Major Rehabilitation \$732,636

Table 2. 5-year M&R program under an unlimited funding analysis scenario.

Total Estimated Cost: \$3,893,000

#### Table Notes:

- 1. See Figure 3 for the location of the branch and section.
- 2. Surface Type: AC = asphalt cement concrete; AAC = asphalt overlay on AC; PCC = portland cement concrete; APC = asphalt overlay on PCC.
- 3. Type of Repair: Major Rehabilitation, such as pavement reconstruction or an overlay; Localized Preventive Maintenance, such as crack sealing or patching.
- 4. The estimated costs provided are of a general nature for the entire State and may require adjustments to reflect specific conditions at Clarinda-Schenck Field Airport.

The recommendations made in this report are based on a broad network-level analysis and meant to provide Clarinda-Schenck Field Airport with an indication of the type of pavement-related work required during the next 5 years. Further engineering investigation may be necessary to identify which repair action is most appropriate. In addition, the cost estimates provided are based on overall unit costs for the entire State, and Clarinda-Schenck Field Airport should adjust the plan to reflect local costs.

Because an unlimited budget was used in the analysis, it is possible that the pavement repair program may need to be adjusted to consider economic or operational constraints. The identification of a project need does not necessarily mean that State or Federal funding will be available in the year it is indicated. It is important to remember that regardless of the recommendations presented within this report, Clarinda-Schenck Field Airport is responsible for repairing pavements where existing conditions pose a hazard to safe operations.

#### **General Maintenance Recommendations**

In addition to the specific maintenance actions presented in Appendix F, it is recommended that the following strategies be considered for prolonging pavement life:

 Regularly inspect all safety areas of the airport and document all inspection activity. A sample form that can be used to perform these inspections is provided in Table 3 of this report.

- Provide a method of tracking all maintenance activities that occur because of these
  inspections. This documentation needs to be reported to the FAA and the Iowa DOT.
  This information is used to update the APMS records and is required to remain in
  compliance with Public Law 103-305 (see the next section of this report for further
  information on this law).
- 3. Conduct an aggressive campaign against weed growth through timely herbicide applications and mowing programs of the safety areas. Vegetation growth in pavement cracks is destructive and significantly increases the rate of pavement deterioration.
- 4. Implement a periodic crack and joint sealing program. Keeping water and debris out of the pavement system by sealing cracks and joints is a proven and cost-effective method for extending the life of the pavement system.
- 5. Ensure all edges of pavement maintain the required 1.5-inch lip. This enables the water to drain away from the pavement system.
- 6. Closely monitor the movement of heavy equipment (particularly farming, construction, mowing, and fueling equipment) to make sure it is only operating on pavements that are designed to accommodate heavy loads. Failure to restrict heavy equipment to appropriate areas may result in the premature failure of airport pavements.

#### FAA Requirements (Public Law 103-305)

Because Clarinda-Schenck Field Airport is in the National Plan of Integrated Airport Systems (NPIAS), the airport sponsor is required to keep the airport in a viable operating condition. This includes maintaining airport pavements in accordance with Public Law 103-305. Public Law 103-305 states that after January 1, 1995, NPIAS airport sponsors must provide assurances or certifications that an airport has implemented an effective airport pavement maintenance management system (PMMS) before the airport will be considered for Federal funding of pavement replacement or reconstruction projects. To be in full compliance with the Federal law, the PMMS must include the following components at minimum: pavement inventory, pavement inspections, record keeping, information retrieval, and program funding.

This report serves as a complete pavement inventory and detailed inspection. To remain in compliance with the law, Clarinda-Schenck Field Airport will also need to undertake monthly drive-by inspections of pavement conditions and track pavement-related maintenance activities.

FAA Advisory Circular 150/5380-7B provides detailed guidance pertaining to the requirements for an acceptable pavement management program. Appendix A of the FAA Advisory Circular 150/5380-7B outlines what needs to be included in a PMP to remain in compliance with this law and Grant Assurance #11. The following is a copy of this appendix, along with instructions for supplementing this report so that all requirements are met. Note that the italicized text is a direct quotation from the FAA Advisory Circular.

#### FAA Advisory Circular 150/5830-7B, Appendix A. Pavement Management Program

**A-1.0.** An effective PMP specifies the procedures to follow to assure that proper preventative and remedial pavement maintenance is performed. The program should identify funding or anticipated funding and other resources available to provide remedial and preventive maintenance activities. An airport sponsor may use any format deemed appropriate, but the program needs to, as a minimum, include the following:

#### **A-1.1. Pavement Inventory.** The following must be depicted:

a. Identification of all runways, taxiways, and aprons with pavement broken down into sections each having similar properties.

The network definition map provided in Figure 3 of this report shows the location of all runways, taxiways, aprons, and T-hangars at Clarinda-Schenck Field Airport. If any new pavements are constructed or any pavement areas are permanently closed, this map must be updated. Project plans should be submitted to the lowa DOT after project completion.

b. Dimensions of pavement sections.

The dimensions of all runways, taxiways, aprons, and T-hangars are stored in the PAVER database. Appendix C provides information on length, width, and area. In addition, the network definition map provided in Figure 3 is drawn to scale. Any changes to pavement dimensions must be recorded.

c. Type of pavement surface.

The type of pavement for each section at Clarinda-Schenck Field Airport is listed in Table 1 of this report and is also stored in the PAVER database. Any changes to the pavement type (through an overlay or reconstruction) must be recorded.

d. Year of construction and/or most recent major rehabilitation.

Dates for pavement construction, rehabilitation, or reconstruction must be recorded. The current pavement history for Clarinda-Schenck Field Airport is provided in Appendix D of this report.

e. Whether AIP [Airport Improvement Program] or PFC [Passenger Facility Charge] funds were used to construct, reconstruct, or repair the pavement.

Funding sources for all pavement projects should be recorded.

**A-1.2. PMP Pavement Inspection Schedule.** Airports must perform a detailed inspection of airfield pavements at least once a year for the PMP. If a pavement condition index (PCI) survey is performed, as set forth in ASTM D5340, "Standard Test Method for Airport Pavement Condition Index Surveys," the frequency of the detailed inspection by PCI surveys may be extended to three years. Less comprehensive routine daily, weekly, and monthly maintenance inspections required for operations should be addressed.

This report consists of a detailed inspection that will extend the inspection period to 3 years. It is the airport sponsor's responsibility to perform monthly drive-by inspections. A sample pavement inspection report form is provided in Table 3 of this report.

- **A-1.3. Record Keeping.** The airport must record and keep on file complete information about all detailed inspections and maintenance performed until the pavement system is replaced. The types of distress, their locations, and remedial action, scheduled or performed, must be documented. The minimum information recorded includes:
  - a. Inspection date
  - b. Location
  - c. Distress types
  - d. Maintenance scheduled or performed

Items A through C are satisfied by this inspection report. Item D is the responsibility of the airport, as is record keeping of the monthly drive-by inspections.

**A-1.4.** Information Retrieval. An airport sponsor may use any form of record keeping it deems appropriate so long as the information and records from the pavement survey can generate required reports, as necessary.

Keep this report, monthly drive-by inspection reports, construction updates, and all records of maintenance activities in a readily accessible location so that they can be easily retrieved as requested by the FAA.

Pavement Maintenance and Rehabilitation Program

Table 3. Pavement inspection report.

Inspected By:	
Date Inspected:	

Branch	Section	Distress Description/Dimensions/Severity/ Recommended Action	Description of Repair	Date Performed	Cost	Funding Source
A01CD	01					
R02CD	01					
R02CD	02					
R13CD	01					
R13CD	02					
T01CD	01					

Pavement Maintenance and Rehabilitation Program

Table 3.	Pavement	inspection	report	(continued)	)
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Inspected By:	
Date Inspected:	

Branch	Section	Distress Description/Dimensions/Severity/ Recommended Action	Description of Repair	Date Performed	Cost	Funding Source
T02CD	01					
T03CD	01					
TH01CD	01					
TH01CD	02					
TH01CD	03					

Table Note: See Figure 3 for the location of the branch and section.

Summary August 2025

#### **SUMMARY**

This report documents the results of the pavement evaluation conducted at Clarinda-Schenck Field Airport. A visual inspection of the pavements in 2025 found that the overall condition of the pavement network is a PCI of 72. A 5-year pavement repair program, shown in Table 2, was generated for Clarinda-Schenck Field Airport, which revealed that approximately \$3,893,000 needs to be expended on M&R. Clarinda-Schenck Field Airport should utilize these study results to assist in planning for future maintenance needs as part of the airport CIP planning process.

References August 2025

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# APPENDIX A CAUSE OF DISTRESS TABLES

Cause of Distress Tables August 2025

Table A-1. Cause of pavement distress, asphalt-surfaced pavements (USACE 2009a).

Distress Type	Probable Cause of Distress
Alligator Cracking	Fatigue failure of the asphalt surface under repeated traffic loading.
Bleeding	Excessive amounts of asphalt cement or tars in the mix or low air void content, or both.
Block Cracking	Shrinkage of the asphalt and daily temperature cycling; it is not load associated.
Corrugation	Traffic action combined with an unstable pavement layer.
Depression	Settlement of the foundation soil or can be "built up" during construction.
Jet-Blast Erosion	Bituminous binder has been burned or carbonized.
Joint Reflection Cracking	Movement of the concrete slab beneath the asphalt surface due to thermal and moisture changes.
L&T Cracking	Cracks may be caused by (1) a poorly constructed paving lane joint, (2) shrinkage of the asphalt surface due to low temperatures or hardening of the asphalt, or (3) reflective cracking caused by cracks in an underlying PCC slab.
Oil Spillage	Deterioration or softening of the pavement surface caused by the spilling of oil, fuel, or other solvents.
Patching	N/A
Polished Aggregate	Repeated traffic applications.
Raveling	Asphalt binder may have hardened significantly, causing coarse aggregate pieces to dislodge.
Rutting	Usually caused by consolidation or lateral movement of the materials due to traffic loads.
Shoving	Where PCC pavements adjoin flexible pavements, PCC "growth" may shove the asphalt pavement.
Slippage Cracking	Low-strength surface mix or poor bond between the surface and the next layer of the pavement structure.
Swelling	Usually caused by frost action or by swelling soil.
Weathering	Asphalt binder and/or fine aggregate may wear away as the pavement ages and hardens.

Cause of Distress Tables August 2025

Table A-2. Cause of pavement distress, PCC pavements (USACE 2009b).

Distress Type	Probable Cause of Distress
ASR	Chemical reaction of alkalis in the cement with certain reactive silica minerals. ASR may be accelerated by the use of chemical pavement deicers.
Blowup	Incompressible materials in the joints.
Corner Break	Load repetition combined with loss of support and curling stresses.
Durability Cracking	Concrete's inability to withstand environmental factors, such as freeze-thaw cycles.
Faulting	Upheaval or consolidation.
Joint Seal Damage	Stripping of joint sealant, extrusion of joint sealant, weed growth, hardening of the filler (oxidation), loss of bond to the slab edges, or absence of sealant in the joint.
LTD Cracking	Combination of load repetition, curling stresses, and shrinkage stresses.
Patching (Small and Large)	N/A
Popouts	Freeze-thaw action in combination with expansive aggregates.
Pumping	Poor drainage, poor joint sealant.
Scaling	Over finishing of concrete, deicing salts, improper construction, freeze-thaw cycles, and poor aggregate.
Shattered Slab	Load repetition.
Shrinkage Cracking	Setting and curing of the concrete.
Spalling (Joint and Corner)	Excessive stresses at the joint caused by infiltration of incompressible materials or traffic loads; weak concrete at the joint combined with traffic loads.

# APPENDIX B INSPECTION PHOTOGRAPHS

A01CD-01. Overview.



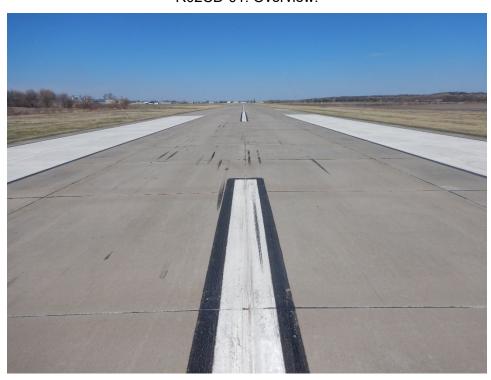
A01CD-01. ASR (Sample Unit No. 01).



A01CD-01. Faulting (Sample Unit No. 13).



R02CD-01. Overview.



R02CD-01. ASR (Sample Unit No. 73).



R02CD-01. ASR (Sample Unit No. 80).



R02CD-01. Small Patching (Sample Unit No. 80).



R02CD-02. Overview.



R02CD-02. ASR (Sample Unit No. 02).



R02CD-02. Small Patching (Sample Unit No. 07).



R13CD-01. Overview.



R13CD-01. Corner Spalling (Sample Unit No. 01).



R13CD-01. Faulting (Sample Unit No. 01).



R13CD-02. Overview.



R13CD-02. LTD Cracking (Sample Unit No. 02).



T01CD-01. Overview.



T01CD-01. ASR (Sample Unit No. 07).



T01CD-01. LTD Cracking (Sample Unit No. 07).



T02CD-01. Overview.



T02CD-01. ASR (Sample Unit No. 06).



T02CD-01. Joint Seal Damage (Sample Unit No. 06).



T03CD-01. Overview.



T03CD-01. Joint Seal Damage (Sample Unit No. 02).



TH01CD-01. Overview.



TH01CD-01. Alligator Cracking (Sample Unit No. 01).



TH01CD-01. Weathering (Sample Unit No. 01).



TH01CD-02. Overview.



TH01CD-02. Joint Spalling (Sample Unit No. 05).



TH01CD-02. LTD Cracking (Sample Unit No. 06).



TH01CD-03. Overview.



TH01CD-03. Joint Seal Damage (Sample Unit No. 03).



# APPENDIX C INSPECTION REPORT

Pavement Database: IA 2024 Generate Date: 8/11/2025

Network ID: ICL			Page 2
	Branch - Sect	ion ID: A01CD - 001	
Branch Name: APRON			Use: APRON
LCD: 1/3/1997 Surface Type: PCC Rank: P Section Area (sf): 102,599.00 Length (ft): 450.00 Width (ft): 250.00 From: HANGER To: TAXIWAY 01		PCI Family: IowaPCCAP_SC_Basic	
Slabs: 657		Section Comments:	
Slab Length (ft): 12.50 Slab Width (ft): 12.50 Joint Length (ft): 15,777.45			
Last Insp Date: 3/28/2025 PCI: 87 Total Samples: 34 Surveyed: 8		Inspection Comments:	
Sample Number: 01			
Sample Type: R Sample PCI: 82 Sample Area (Slabs): 20.00 65 JT SEAL DMG	L	Sample Comments: 20.00 Slabs	
76 ASR	L L	8.00 Slabs	
Sample Number: 04			
Sample Type: R Sample PCI: 86 Sample Area (Slabs): 20.00		Sample Comments:	
65 JT SEAL DMG 71 FAULTING	L L	20.00 Slabs 3.00 Slabs	
Sample Number: 07			
Sample Type: R Sample PCI: 78 Sample Area (Slabs): 20.00		Sample Comments:	
65 JT SEAL DMG 71 FAULTING 73 SHRINKAGE CR 75 CORNER SPALL	L L N L	20.00 Slabs 5.00 Slabs 1.00 Slabs 1.00 Slabs	
Sample Number: 11			
Sample Type: R Sample PCI: 86 Sample Area (Slabs): 20.00		Sample Comments:	
65 JT SEAL DMG 71 FAULTING	L L	20.00 Slabs 3.00 Slabs	
Sample Number: 13			
Sample Type: R		Sample Comments:	

Sample PCI: 81

Sample Area (Slabs): 20.00

65 JT SEAL DMG L 20.00 Slabs 71 FAULTING 5.00 Slabs

Pavement Database: IA 2024 Generate Date: 8/11/2025

Network ID: ICL Page 2

Sample Number: 17

Sample Type: R Sample Comments:

Sample PCI: 98

Sample Area (Slabs): 20.00

65 JT SEAL DMG L 20.00 Slabs

Sample Number: 21

Sample Type: R Sample Comments:

Sample PCI: 83

Sample Area (Slabs): 20.00

65 JT SEAL DMG L 20.00 Slabs 71 FAULTING L 4.00 Slabs

Sample Number: 23

Sample Type: R Sample Comments:

Sample PCI: 98

Sample Area (Slabs): 20.00

65 JT SEAL DMG L 20.00 Slabs

Pavement Database: IA 2024 Generate Date: 8/11/2025

Network ID: ICL Page 3

Network ID: ICL			Page 3
	Branch - Section	on ID: R02CD - 001	
Branch Name: RUNWAY 02/20			Use: RUNWAY
LCD: 6/1/1995 Surface Type: PCC Rank: P Section Area (sf): 301,325.00 Length (ft): 4,000.00 Width (ft): 75.00 From: RUNWAY END 02 To: RUNWAY END 20		PCI Family: IowaPCCRW_SC_Basic	
Slabs: 1,928 Slab Length (ft): 12.50 Slab Width (ft): 12.50 Joint Length (ft): 44,119.00		Section Comments:	
Last Insp Date: 3/28/2025 PCI: 67 Total Samples: 80 Surveyed: 9		Inspection Comments:	
Sample Number: 03			
Sample Type: R Sample PCI: 75 Sample Area (Slabs): 24.00 65 JT SEAL DMG	L	Sample Comments: 24.00 Slabs	
66 SMALL PATCH 76 ASR	L L	2.00 Slabs 2.00 Slabs 24.00 Slabs	
Sample Number: 13			
Sample Type: R Sample PCI: 70 Sample Area (Slabs): 24.00		Sample Comments:	
63 LINEAR CR	L	2.00 Slabs	
65 JT SEAL DMG 66 SMALL PATCH	L	24.00 Slabs 1.00 Slabs	
76 ASR	L L	24.00 Slabs	
Sample Number: 23			
Sample Type: R Sample PCI: 66 Sample Area (Slabs): 24.00		Sample Comments:	
65 JT SEAL DMG	L	24.00 Slabs	
66 SMALL PATCH	L	1.00 Slabs	
71 FAULTING	L	1.00 Slabs	
75 CORNER SPALL 75 CORNER SPALL	L M	1.00 Slabs 1.00 Slabs	
76 ASR	L	24.00 Slabs	
Sample Number: 33			
Sample Type: R Sample PCI: 66 Sample Area (Slabs): 24.00		Sample Comments:	
63 LINEAR CR	L	1.00 Slabs	
GE IT CEAL DMC	ı	24.00 Claha	

24.00 Slabs

2.00 Slabs

3.00 Slabs

24.00 Slabs

65 JT SEAL DMG

66 SMALL PATCH

71 FAULTING

76 ASR

Pavement Database: IA 2024 Generate Date: 8/11/2025 Network ID: ICL Page 4 Sample Number: 43 Sample Type: R Sample Comments: Sample PCI: 75 Sample Area (Slabs): 24.00 65 JT SEAL DMG L 24.00 Slabs 66 SMALL PATCH L 1.00 Slabs 24.00 Slabs 76 ASR L Sample Number: 53 Sample Type: R Sample Comments: Sample PCI: 69 Sample Area (Slabs): 24.00 65 JT SEAL DMG L 24.00 Slabs 66 SMALL PATCH L 1.00 Slabs 71 FAULTING L 4.00 Slabs 76 ASR L 24.00 Slabs Sample Number: 63 Sample Type: R Sample Comments: Sample PCI: 71 Sample Area (Slabs): 24.00 65 JT SEAL DMG 24.00 Slabs L 71 FAULTING L 2.00 Slabs 76 ASR L 24.00 Slabs Sample Number: 73 Sample Type: R Sample Comments: Sample PCI: 51 Sample Area (Slabs): 24.00 63 LINEAR CR L 1.00 Slabs 65 JT SEAL DMG L 24.00 Slabs 66 SMALL PATCH L 3.00 Slabs L 1.00 Slabs **67 LARGE PATCH** 71 FAULTING L 3.00 Slabs **76 ASR** Н 1.00 Slabs 76 ASR L 23.00 Slabs Sample Number: 80 Sample Type: R Sample Comments: Sample PCI: 62 Sample Area (Slabs): 24.00 63 LINEAR CR 3.00 Slabs L 65 JT SEAL DMG L 24.00 Slabs 66 SMALL PATCH L 7.00 Slabs

L

L

3.00 Slabs

24.00 Slabs

**67 LARGE PATCH** 

76 ASR

Pavement Database: IA 2024 Generate Date: 8/11/2025

Network ID: ICL Page 5

Network ID: ICL			Page 5
	Branch - Secti	on ID: R02CD - 002	
Branch Name: RUNWAY 02/20			Use: RUNWAY
LCD: 6/1/1997 Surface Type: PCC Rank: P Section Area (sf): 74,993.00 Length (ft): 1,000.00 Width (ft): 75.00 From: END OF SECT. 01 To: END OF RUNWAY 01		PCI Family: IowaPCCRW_SC_Basic	
Slabs: 480 Slab Length (ft): 12.50 Slab Width (ft): 12.50 Joint Length (ft): 10,923.98		Section Comments:	
Last Insp Date: 3/28/2025 PCI: 68 Total Samples: 20 Surveyed: 7		Inspection Comments:	
Sample Number: 02			
Sample Type: R Sample PCI: 71 Sample Area (Slabs): 24.00		Sample Comments:	
65 JT SEAL DMG 66 SMALL PATCH 71 FAULTING 76 ASR	L L L	24.00 Slabs 2.00 Slabs 1.00 Slabs 24.00 Slabs	
Sample Number: 04			
Sample Type: R Sample PCI: 68 Sample Area (Slabs): 24.00		Sample Comments:	
65 JT SEAL DMG 66 SMALL PATCH	L L	24.00 Slabs 6.00 Slabs	
71 FAULTING 76 ASR	L L	3.00 Slabs 24.00 Slabs	
Sample Number: 07			
Sample Type: R Sample PCI: 65 Sample Area (Slabs): 24.00		Sample Comments:	
65 JT SEAL DMG 66 SMALL PATCH 71 FAULTING 76 ASR	M L L L	24.00 Slabs 4.00 Slabs 4.00 Slabs 24.00 Slabs	
Sample Number: 10			
Sample Type: R Sample PCI: 71 Sample Area (Slabs): 24.00		Sample Comments:	
65 JT SEAL DMG 66 SMALL PATCH	L L	24.00 Slabs 1.00 Slabs	

71 FAULTING 76 ASR 1.00 Slabs

24.00 Slabs

Pavement Database: IA 2024 Generate Date: 8/11/2025

Network ID: ICL Page 6

Sample	Number:	12
--------	---------	----

Sample Type: R Sample Comments:

Sample PCI: 72

Sample Area (Slabs): 24.00

 63 LINEAR CR
 L
 1.00 Slabs

 65 JT SEAL DMG
 L
 24.00 Slabs

 76 ASR
 L
 24.00 Slabs

#### Sample Number: 15

Sample Type: R Sample Comments:

Sample PCI: 66

Sample Area (Slabs): 24.00

 65 JT SEAL DMG
 L
 24.00 Slabs

 66 SMALL PATCH
 L
 3.00 Slabs

 71 FAULTING
 L
 5.00 Slabs

 76 ASR
 L
 24.00 Slabs

#### Sample Number: 18

Sample Type: R Sample Comments:

Sample PCI: 65

Sample Area (Slabs): 24.00

 63 LINEAR CR
 L
 3.00 Slabs

 65 JT SEAL DMG
 L
 24.00 Slabs

 66 SMALL PATCH
 L
 1.00 Slabs

 71 FAULTING
 L
 2.00 Slabs

 76 ASR
 L
 24.00 Slabs

Pavement Database: IA 2024 Generate Date: 8/11/2025

Network ID: ICL Page 7

Branch - Section ID: R13CD - 001

Branch Name: RUNWAY 13/31 Use: RUNWAY

LCD: 1/1/1997 Surface Type: PCC

Rank: S

Section Area (sf): 6,288.00

Length (ft): 79.00 Width (ft): 80.00 From: END OF RUNWAY

To: RUNWAY 01

Slabs: 44

Slab Length (ft): 12.00 Slab Width (ft): 12.00 Joint Length (ft): 889.81

Last Insp Date: 3/28/2025

PCI: 73 Total Samples: 2 Surveyed: 2

Section Comments:

PCI Family: IowaPCCRW SC Basic

Inspection Comments:

Sample Number: 01

Sample Type: R Sample PCI: 73

Sample Area (Slabs): 26.00

63 LINEAR CR 65 JT SEAL DMG 71 FAULTING 71 FAULTING 75 CORNER SPALL Sample Comments:

1.00 Slabs L 26.00 Slabs L L 5.00 Slabs Μ 1.00 Slabs L 1.00 Slabs

Sample Number: 02

Sample Type: R

Sample PCI: 73

Sample Area (Slabs): 18.00

65 JT SEAL DMG 71 FAULTING

Sample Comments:

18.00 Slabs L L 8.00 Slabs

Pavement Database: IA 2024 Generate Date: 8/11/2025

Network ID: ICL Page 8

Branch - Section ID: R13CD - 002

PCI Family: IowaPCCRW SC Basic

Branch Name: RUNWAY 13/31 Use: RUNWAY

Surface Type: PCC

LCD: 1/1/1997

Rank: S

Section Area (sf): 6,288.00

Length (ft): 84.00 Width (ft): 75.00 From: RUNWAY 01 To: END OF RUNWAY

Slabs: 40 Section Comments:

Slab Length (ft): 12.50 Slab Width (ft): 12.50 Joint Length (ft): 847.38

Last Insp Date: 3/28/2025 Inspection Comments:

PCI: 87 Total Samples: 2 Surveyed: 2

Sample Number: 01

Sample Type: R Sample Comments:

Sample PCI: 85

Sample Area (Slabs): 22.00

2.00 Slabs 63 LINEAR CR L 22.00 Slabs 65 JT SEAL DMG L 2.00 Slabs 71 FAULTING L

Sample Number: 02

Sample Type: R Sample Comments:

Sample PCI: 89

Sample Area (Slabs): 18.00

63 LINEAR CR 2.00 Slabs L 65 JT SEAL DMG 18.00 Slabs

Pavement Database: IA 2024 Generate Date: 8/11/2025

1 avoillont Batabaoo. I/ 1 ZoZ 1			Contrate Date. Of 11/2020
Network ID: ICL			Page 9
	Branch - Section	n ID: T01CD - 001	
Branch Name: TAXIWAY 01			Use: TAXIWAY
LCD: 1/3/1997 Surface Type: PCC Rank: P Section Area (sf): 15,894.00 Length (ft): 314.00 Width (ft): 40.00 From: APRON 01 To: RUNWAY 01/19	P	CI Family: lowaPCCTW_SC_Basic	
Slabs: 159 Slab Length (ft): 10.00 Slab Width (ft): 10.00 Joint Length (ft): 2,730.83	S	ection Comments:	
Last Insp Date: 3/28/2025 PCI: 89 Total Samples: 8 Surveyed: 5	In	spection Comments:	
Sample Number: 03			
Sample Type: R Sample PCI: 93 Sample Area (Slabs): 22.00	S	ample Comments:	
65 JT SEAL DMG 76 ASR	L L	22.00 Slabs 1.00 Slabs	
Sample Number: 04			
Sample Type: R Sample PCI: 98 Sample Area (Slabs): 20.00 65 JT SEAL DMG	S	ample Comments: 20.00 Slabs	
Sample Number: 05		20.00 Clase	
Sample Type: R Sample PCI: 90 Sample Area (Slabs): 20.00	S	ample Comments:	
65 JT SEAL DMG 76 ASR	L L	20.00 Slabs 2.00 Slabs	
Sample Number: 06			
Sample Type: R Sample PCI: 88 Sample Area (Slabs): 20.00	S	ample Comments:	
65 JT SEAL DMG	L	20.00 Slabs	
76 ASR	L	3.00 Slabs	
Sample Type: P	6	ample Comments:	
Sample Type: R Sample PCI: 76 Sample Area (Slabs): 23.00	5	ample Comments:	
00   11   12   10   10		0.00.01.1	

L

L

2.00 Slabs

23.00 Slabs

1.00 Slabs

6.00 Slabs

63 LINEAR CR

65 JT SEAL DMG

74 JOINT SPALL

76 ASR

Pavement Database: IA 2024 Generate Date: 8/11/2025

Network ID: ICL Page 10

Network ID: ICL			Page 10
Branch Name: TAXIWAY 02	Branch - Section II	D: T02CD - 001	Use: TAXIWAY
LCD: 6/1/1997 Surface Type: PCC Rank: P Section Area (sf): 15,574.00 Length (ft): 262.50 Width (ft): 35.00 From: END OF R01CD-02 To: END OF TAXIWAY	PCIF	amily: lowaPCCTW_SC_Basic	USC. TAXIWAT
Slabs: 138 Slab Length (ft): 12.50 Slab Width (ft): 9.00 Joint Length (ft): 2,472.06 Last Insp Date: 3/28/2025 PCI: 71 Total Samples: 6 Surveyed: 4		on Comments:	
Sample Number: 02			
Sample Type: A Sample PCI: 68 Sample Area (Slabs): 23.00	Samp	le Comments:	
65 JT SEAL DMG 71 FAULTING 76 ASR	M L L	23.00 Slabs 2.00 Slabs 23.00 Slabs	
Sample Number: 04			
Sample Type: R Sample PCI: 79 Sample Area (Slabs): 24.00	Samp	le Comments:	
65 JT SEAL DMG 76 ASR	M L	24.00 Slabs 10.00 Slabs	
Sample Number: 05			
Sample Type: R Sample PCI: 78 Sample Area (Slabs): 15.00	Samp	le Comments:	
65 JT SEAL DMG 76 ASR	M L	15.00 Slabs 7.00 Slabs	
Sample Number: 06		1.00 Olaus	
Sample PCI: 55	Samp	le Comments:	

M

Μ

15.00 Slabs

6.00 Slabs

Sample Area (Slabs): 15.00 65 JT SEAL DMG

76 ASR

Pavement Database: IA 2024 Generate Date: 8/11/2025

Network ID: ICL Page 11

Branch - Section ID: T03CD - 001

Branch Name: TAXIWAY 03 Use: TAXIWAY

Surface Type: PCC

Rank: P

LCD: 4/3/2009

Section Area (sf): 16,322.00

Length (ft): 275.00 Width (ft): 37.00 From: RUNWAY 20

To: END

Slabs: 206 Section Comments:

Slab Length (ft): 9.00 Slab Width (ft): 8.80 Joint Length (ft): 3,167.84

Last Insp Date: 3/28/2025

PCI: 98 Total Samples: 8 Surveyed: 5 Inspection Comments:

Sample Comments:

PCI Family: IowaPCCTW SC Basic

Sample Number: 02

Sample Type: R

Sample PCI: 98

Sample Area (Slabs): 24.00

65 JT SEAL DMG L 24.00 Slabs

Sample Number: 03

Sample Type: R Sample Comments:

Sample PCI: 98

Sample Area (Slabs): 24.00

65 JT SEAL DMG L 24.00 Slabs

Sample Number: 05

Sample Type: R Sample Comments:

Sample PCI: 98

Sample Area (Slabs): 24.00

65 JT SEAL DMG L 24.00 Slabs

Sample Number: 06

Sample Type: R Sample Comments:

Sample PCI: 98

Sample Area (Slabs): 24.00

65 JT SEAL DMG L 24.00 Slabs

Sample Number: 07

Sample Type: R Sample Comments:

Sample PCI: 98

Sample Area (Slabs): 24.00

65 JT SEAL DMG L 24.00 Slabs

Pavement Database: IA 2024 Generate Date: 8/11/2025

Network ID: ICL Page 12

	Branch - Section ID:	TH01CD - 001	•
Branch Name: T-HANGAR 01	Branon Oction ib.	1110100 001	Use: T-HANGAR
LCD: 1/1/1970 Surface Type: AC Rank: P Section Area (sf): 17,938.00 Length (ft): 897.00 Width (ft): 20.00 From: SEE MAP To: SEE MAP	PCI Fa	mily: lowaAsphaltTH_Southern	
Slabs: Slab Length (ft): Slab Width (ft): Joint Length (ft):	Section	n Comments:	
Last Insp Date: 3/28/2025 PCI: 19 Total Samples: 4 Surveyed: 3	Inspec	tion Comments:	
Sample Number: 01			
Sample Type: R Sample PCI: 14 Sample Area (SF): 4,970.00	Sampl	e Comments:	
41 ALLIGATOR CR 48 L & T CR 48 L & T CR 50 PATCHING 53 RUTTING 54 SHOVING 57 WEATHERING	M H M H L M	220.00 SF 20.00 FT 3ii 450.00 FT W 80.00 SF 150.00 SF 20.00 SF 4,890.00 SF	
Sample Number: 02			
Sample Type: R Sample PCI: 33 Sample Area (SF): 4,000.00	Sampl	e Comments:	
48 L & T CR 50 PATCHING 57 WEATHERING	М Н Н	315.00 FT W 20.00 SF 3,980.00 SF	
Sample Number: 04			
Sample Type: R Sample PCI: 14 Sample Area (SF): 4,950.00	Sampl	e Comments:	
41 ALLIGATOR CR	M	48.00 SF	
48 L & T CR 48 L & T CR	H M	20.00 FT 3ii 136.00 FT W	
50 PATCHING	M	35.00 SF	
52 RAVELING 57 WEATHERING	Н Н	500.00 SF 4,415.00 SF	

Pavement Database: IA 2024 Generate Date: 8/11/2025

Network ID: ICL Page 13

	Branch - Section	ID: TH01CD - 002	
Branch Name: T-HANGAR 01	Brunon Gootion	15. 1110105 002	Use: T-HANGAR
LCD: 7/1/2011 Surface Type: PCC Rank: P Section Area (sf): 16,640.00 Length (ft): 450.00 Width (ft): 35.00 From: SEE MAP To: SEE MAP	F	PCI Family: lowaPCCTH_SC	
Slabs: 166 Slab Length (ft): 10.00 Slab Width (ft): 10.00 Joint Length (ft): 2,815.59	\$	Section Comments:	
Last Insp Date: 3/28/2025 PCI: 83 Total Samples: 7 Surveyed: 4	I	nspection Comments:	
Sample Number: 02			
Sample Type: R Sample PCI: 86 Sample Area (Slabs): 19.00	5	Sample Comments:	
65 JT SEAL DMG 73 SHRINKAGE CR	H N	19.00 Slabs 2.00 Slabs	
Sample Number: 03			
Sample Type: R Sample PCI: 77 Sample Area (Slabs): 18.00	\$	Sample Comments:	
63 LINEAR CR	L	1.00 Slabs	
65 JT SEAL DMG	H	18.00 Slabs	
73 SHRINKAGE CR 74 JOINT SPALL	N M	2.00 Slabs 1.00 Slabs	
Sample Number: 05			
Sample Type: R Sample PCI: 89 Sample Area (Slabs): 18.00	\$	Sample Comments:	
65 JT SEAL DMG 74 JOINT SPALL	M M	18.00 Slabs 1.00 Slabs	
Sample Number: 06		1.00 Class	
Sample Type: R Sample PCI: 82 Sample Area (Slabs): 20.00	5	Sample Comments:	
63 LINEAR CR 65 JT SEAL DMG 75 CORNER SPALL	L M L	1.00 Slabs 20.00 Slabs 1.00 Slabs	

М

1.00 Slabs

75 CORNER SPALL

Pavement Database: IA 2024 Generate Date: 8/11/2025

Network ID: ICL Page 14

Branch - Section ID: TH01CD - 003

Branch Name: T-HANGAR 01 Use: T-HANGAR

PCI Family: lowaPCCTH SC

Surface Type: PCC

LCD: 7/1/2018 Rank: P

Section Area (sf): 6,652.00

Length (ft): 175.00 Width (ft): 38.00 From: SEE MAP To: SEE MAP

Slabs: 74 Section Comments:

Slab Length (ft): 9.50 Slab Width (ft): 9.50 Joint Length (ft): 1,187.36

Last Insp Date: 3/28/2025 Inspection Comments:

PCI: 93 Total Samples: 4 Surveyed: 3

Sample Number: 01

Sample Type: R Sample Comments:

Sample PCI: 93

Sample Area (Slabs): 20.00

65 JT SEAL DMG Μ 20.00 Slabs

Sample Number: 02

Sample Type: R Sample Comments:

Sample PCI: 93

Sample Area (Slabs): 20.00

65 JT SEAL DMG Μ 20.00 Slabs

Sample Number: 03

Sample Type: R Sample Comments:

Sample PCI: 93

Sample Area (Slabs): 20.00

65 JT SEAL DMG 20.00 Slabs Μ

# APPENDIX D WORK HISTORY REPORT

#### **WORK HISTORY**

Pavement Database: IA 2024 Generate Date: 6/30/2025

Network ID: ICL Page 1

#### **Network: CLARINDA-SCHENCK FIELD AIRPORT**

Branch - Section ID: A01CD - 001

 LCD: 1/3/1997
 Length (ft):
 450.00

 Use: APRON
 Width (ft):
 250.00

 Rank: P
 True Area (sf):
 102,599.00

Surface: PCC

Work Date	Work Code	Work Description	Cost	Thickness (in)	Major MR	Comments
11-01-2021	PA-PP	Patching - PCC Partial Depth	\$0.00	0.00	False	-
11-01-2021	CS-PC	Crack Sealing - PCC	\$0.00	0.00	False	Route and seal cracks
11-01-2021	JS-LC	Joint Seal (Localized)	\$0.00	0.00	False	-
06-01-2012	JS-LC	Joint Seal (Localized)	\$0.00	0.00	False	EST
01-03-1997	CR-PC	Complete Reconstruction - PCC	\$0.00	5.00	True	5" P-501
01-02-1997	BA-AG	Base Course - Aggregate	\$0.00	4.00	False	4" RECYCLED AC BASE
01-01-1997	SG-CO	Subgrade - Compacted	\$0.00	0.00	False	CH/CL SUBGRADE
04-08-1942	NC-AC	New Construction - AC	\$0.00	0.00	True	-

Branch - Section ID: R02CD - 001

 LCD: 6/1/1995
 Length (ft):
 4,000.00

 Use: RUNWAY
 Width (ft):
 75.00

 Rank: P
 True Area (sf):
 301,325.00

Surface: PCC

Work Date	Work Code	Work Description	Cost	Thickness (in)	Major MR	Comments
11-01-2021	PA-PP	Patching - PCC Partial Depth	\$0.00	0.00	False	-
11-01-2021	JS-LC	Joint Seal (Localized)	\$0.00	0.00	False	-
11-01-2021	CS-PC	Crack Sealing - PCC	\$0.00	0.00	False	Route and seal cracks
11-01-2021	PA-PF	Patching - PCC Full Depth	\$0.00	0.00	False	-
06-02-2014	SL-PC	Slab Replacement - PCC	\$0.00	0.00	False	FIELD EST.
06-01-2014	JS-LC	Joint Seal (Localized)	\$0.00	0.00	False	JOINT SEAL; COMPOSITE SECTION: 5" P501 PCC ON 6" AC SUBBASE ON 5" CABC
06-01-1995	OL-PU	Overlay - PCC Unbonded	\$0.00	5.00	True	5" P501 PCC WHITETOPPING
06-01-1970	OL-AS	Overlay - AC Structural	\$0.00	5.00	True	EST. BASED ON CORES 5" P-401 AC OVERLAY
06-03-1949	NC-AC	New Construction - AC	\$0.00	1.00	True	1" P405 AC
06-02-1949	BA-AG	Base Course - Aggregate	\$0.00	5.00	False	5" P209 CABC
06-01-1949	SB-AG	Subbase - Aggregate	\$0.00	6.00	False	6" SHALE, P-154 ASSUMED

Branch - Section ID: R02CD - 002

 LCD: 6/1/1997
 Length (ft):
 1,000.00

 Use: RUNWAY
 Width (ft):
 75.00

 Rank: P
 True Area (sf):
 74,993.00

Surface: PCC

Work Date	Work Code	Work Description	Cost	Thickness (in)	Major MR	Comments
11-01-2021	JS-LC	Joint Seal (Localized)	\$0.00	0.00	False	-
11-01-2021	GR-PP	Grinding (Localized)	\$0.00	0.00	False	-
11-01-2021	CS-PC	Crack Sealing - PCC	\$0.00	0.00	False	Route and seal cracks
11-01-2021	PA-PP	Patching - PCC Partial Depth	\$0.00	0.00	False	-
06-01-2012	JS-LC	Joint Seal (Localized)	\$0.00	0.00	False	EST
06-01-1997	NC-IN	New Construction - Initial	\$0.00	0.00	True	-

#### **WORK HISTORY**

Pavement Database: IA 2024 Generate Date: 6/30/2025

Network ID: ICL Page 2

#### Branch - Section ID: R13CD - 001

 LCD: 1/1/1997
 Length (ft):
 79.00

 Use: RUNWAY
 Width (ft):
 80.00

 Rank: S
 True Area (sf):
 6,288.00

Surface: PCC

Work Date	Work Code	Work Description	Cost	Thickness (in)	Major MR	Comments
11-01-2021	JS-LC	Joint Seal (Localized)	\$0.00	0.00	False	-
11-01-2021	CS-PC	Crack Sealing - PCC	\$0.00	0.00	False	Route and seal cracks
06-01-2012	JS-LC	Joint Seal (Localized)	\$0.00	0.00	False	EST
01-01-1997	NC-IN	New Construction - Initial	\$0.00	0.00	True	-

#### Branch - Section ID: R13CD - 002

 LCD: 1/1/1997
 Length (ft):
 84.00

 Use: RUNWAY
 Width (ft):
 75.00

 Rank: S
 True Area (sf):
 6,288.00

Surface: PCC

Work Date	Work Code	Work Description	Cost	Thickness (in)	Major MR	Comments
11-01-2021	JS-LC	Joint Seal (Localized)	\$0.00	0.00	False	-
11-01-2021	CS-PC	Crack Sealing - PCC	\$0.00	0.00	False	Route and seal cracks
06-01-2012	JS-LC	Joint Seal (Localized)	\$0.00	0.00	False	EST
01-01-1997	NC-IN	New Construction - Initial	\$0.00	0.00	True	-

#### Branch - Section ID: T01CD - 001

 LCD: 1/3/1997
 Length (ft):
 314.00

 Use: TAXIWAY
 Width (ft):
 40.00

 Rank: P
 True Area (sf):
 15,894.00

Surface: PCC

Work Date	Work Code	Work Description	Cost	Thickness (in)	Major MR	Comments	
11-01-2021	JS-LC	Joint Seal (Localized)	\$0.00	0.00	False	-	
11-01-2021	CS-PC	Crack Sealing - PCC	\$0.00	0.00	False	Route and seal cracks	
11-01-2021	PA-PP	Patching - PCC Partial Depth	\$0.00	0.00	False	-	
06-01-2012	JS-LC	Joint Seal (Localized)	\$0.00	0.00	False	EST	
01-03-1997	NC-PC	New Construction - PCC	\$0.00	5.00	True	5" P501	
01-02-1997	BA-AG	Base Course - Aggregate	\$0.00	4.00	False	4" RECYCLED AC BASE	
01-01-1997	SG-CO	Subgrade - Compacted	\$0.00	0.00	False	CH/CL SUBGRADE	

#### Branch - Section ID: T02CD - 001

 LCD: 6/1/1997
 Length (ft):
 262.50

 Use: TAXIWAY
 Width (ft):
 35.00

 Rank: P
 True Area (sf):
 15,574.00

Surface: PCC

Work Date	Work Code	Work Description	Cost	Thickness (in)	Major MR	Comments
11-01-2021	JS-LC	Joint Seal (Localized)	\$0.00	0.00	False	-
11-01-2021	GR-PP	Grinding (Localized)	\$0.00	0.00	False	-
06-01-2012	JS-LC	Joint Seal (Localized)	\$0.00	0.00	False	EST
06-01-1997	NC-IN	New Construction - Initial	\$0.00	0.00	True	-

#### **WORK HISTORY**

Pavement Database: IA 2024 Generate Date: 6/30/2025

Network ID: ICL Page 3

Branch - Section ID: T03CD - 001

 LCD: 4/3/2009
 Length (ft):
 275.00

 Use: TAXIWAY
 Width (ft):
 37.00

 Rank: P
 True Area (sf):
 16,322.00

Surface: PCC

Work Date	Work Code	Work Description	Cost	Thickness (in)	Major MR	Comments
11-01-2021	JS-LC	Joint Seal (Localized)	\$0.00	0.00	False	-
04-03-2009	NC-IN	New Construction - Initial	\$0.00	6.00	True	6" P501; Federal Funding \$190,054
04-02-2009	BA-AG	Base Course - Aggregate	\$0.00	6.00	False	6" P208
04-01-2009	SG-CO	Subgrade - Compacted	\$0.00	12.00	False	12' P152

#### Branch - Section ID: TH01CD - 001

 LCD: 1/1/1970
 Length (ft):
 897.00

 Use: T-HANGAR
 Width (ft):
 20.00

 Rank: P
 True Area (sf):
 17,938.00

Surface: AC

Work Date	Work Code	Work Description	Cost	Thickness (in)	Major MR	Comments
01-01-1970	NC-AC	New Construction - AC	\$0.00	0.00		DATE UNKNOWN; CONSTRUCTED PRIOR TO 1994 IMAGERY

#### Branch - Section ID: TH01CD - 002

 LCD: 7/1/2011
 Length (ft):
 450.00

 Use: T-HANGAR
 Width (ft):
 35.00

 Rank: P
 True Area (sf):
 16,640.00

Surface: PCC

Work Date	Work Code	Work Description	Cost	Thickness (in)	Major MR	Comments
07-01-2011	NC-PC	New Construction - PCC	\$0.00	0.00	True	EST. VIA GE

#### Branch - Section ID: TH01CD - 003

 LCD: 7/1/2018
 Length (ft):
 175.00

 Use: T-HANGAR
 Width (ft):
 38.00

 Rank: P
 True Area (sf):
 6,652.00

Surface: PCC

Work Date	Work Code	Work Description	Cost	Thickness (in)	Major MR	Comments
07-01-2018	CR-PC	Complete Reconstruction - PCC	\$0.00	0.00	True	FIELD EST.

#### **APPENDIX E**

## LOCALIZED PREVENTIVE MAINTENANCE POLICIES AND UNIT COST TABLES

Table E-1. Localized preventive maintenance policy, asphalt-surfaced pavements.

Distress Type	Severity Level	Maintenance Action
Alligator Cracking	Low	Monitor
Alligator Cracking	Medium	Asphalt Patch
Alligator Cracking	High	Asphalt Patch
Bleeding	N/A	Monitor
Block Cracking	Low	Monitor
Block Cracking	Medium	Crack Seal—Asphalt
Block Cracking	High	Crack Seal—Asphalt
Corrugation	Low	Monitor
Corrugation	Medium	Asphalt Patch
Corrugation	High	Asphalt Patch
Depression	Low	Monitor
Depression	Medium	Monitor
Depression	High	Asphalt Patch
Jet-Blast Erosion	N/A	Asphalt Patch
Joint Reflection Cracking	Low	Monitor
Joint Reflection Cracking	Medium	Crack Seal—Asphalt
Joint Reflection Cracking	High	Crack Seal—Asphalt
L&T Cracking	Low	Monitor
L&T Cracking	Medium	Crack Seal—Asphalt
L&T Cracking	High	Crack Seal—Asphalt
Oil Spillage	N/A	Asphalt Patch
Patching	Low	Monitor
Patching	Medium	Asphalt Patch
Patching	High	Asphalt Patch
Polished Aggregate	N/A	Monitor
Raveling	Low	Monitor
Raveling	Medium	Asphalt Patch
Raveling	High	Asphalt Patch
Rutting	Low	Monitor
Rutting	Medium	Monitor
Rutting	High	Asphalt Patch
Shoving	Low	Monitor
Shoving	Medium	Asphalt Patch
Shoving	High	Asphalt Patch
Slippage Cracking	N/A	Asphalt Patch
Swelling	Low	Monitor
Swelling	Medium	Monitor
Swelling	High	Asphalt Patch
Weathering	Low	Monitor
Weathering	Medium	Monitor
Weathering	High	Asphalt Patch

Table E-2. Localized preventive maintenance policy, PCC pavements.

	Soverity			
Distress Type	Severity Level	Maintenance Action		
ASR	Low	Monitor		
ASR	Medium	Slab Replacement		
ASR	High	Slab Replacement		
Blowup	Low	Slab Replacement		
Blowup	Medium	Slab Replacement		
Blowup	High	Slab Replacement		
Corner Break	Low	Crack Seal—PCC		
Corner Break	Medium	Full Depth PCC Patch		
Corner Break	High	Full Depth PCC Patch		
Durability Cracking	Low	Monitor		
Durability Cracking	Medium	Full Depth Patch		
Durability Cracking	High	Slab Replacement		
Faulting	Low	Monitor		
Faulting	Medium	Grinding		
Faulting	High	Slab Replacement		
Joint Seal Damage	Low	Monitor		
Joint Seal Damage	Medium	Joint Seal		
Joint Seal Damage	High	Joint Seal		
LTD Cracking	Low	Monitor		
LTD Cracking	Medium	Crack Seal—PCC		
LTD Cracking	High	Slab Replacement		
Patching (Small and Large)	Low	Monitor		
Patching (Small and Large)	Medium	Full Depth PCC Patch		
Patching (Small and Large)	High	Full Depth PCC Patch		
Popouts	N/A	Monitor		
Pumping	N/A	Monitor		
Scaling	Low	Monitor		
Scaling	Medium	Partial Depth PCC Patch		
Scaling	High	Slab Replacement		
Shattered Slab	Low	Crack Seal—PCC		
Shattered Slab	Medium	Slab Replacement		
Shattered Slab	High	Slab Replacement		
Shrinkage Cracking	N/A	Monitor		
Spalling (Joint and Corner)	Low	Monitor		
Spalling (Joint and Corner)	Medium	Partial Depth PCC Patch		
Spalling (Joint and Corner)	High	Partial Depth PCC Patch		

Table E-3. 2025 unit costs for localized preventive maintenance actions.

Maintenance Action	Unit Cost
Asphalt Patch—Asphalt-Surfaced Pavement	\$15.90/sf
Crack Sealing—Asphalt-Surfaced Pavement	\$2.72/If
Partial Depth PCC Patch—PCC Pavement	\$40.74/sf
Full Depth PCC Patch—PCC Pavement	\$18.19/sf
Crack Sealing—PCC Pavement	\$3.27/If
Joint Sealing—PCC Pavement	\$3.27/If
Grinding—PCC Pavement	\$0.39/sf
Slab Replacement—PCC Pavement	\$18.19/sf

Table Note: The unit cost estimates are based on broad statewide numbers and should be adjusted to reflect local costs.

Table E-4. 2025 unit costs (per square foot) based on pavement type and PCI ranges.

Pavement Type	PCI Range 0-40	PCI Range 40-50	PCI Range 50-60	PCI Range 60-70	PCI Range 70–80	PCI Range 80-90	PCI Range 90–100
Asphalt- surfaced	\$11.29	\$5.34	\$5.34	\$5.34	\$0.00	\$0.00	\$0.00
PCC	\$18.86	\$8.92	\$8.92	\$8.92	\$0.00	\$0.00	\$0.00

#### Table Notes:

- The unit cost estimates are based on broad statewide numbers and should be adjusted to reflect local costs.
- Pavement Type: Asphalt-surfaced = AC (asphalt cement concrete), AAC (asphalt overlay on AC), or APC (asphalt overlay on PCC); PCC = portland cement concrete

#### **APPENDIX F**

## YEAR 2025 LOCALIZED PREVENTIVE MAINTENANCE DETAILS

Year 2025 Localized Preventive Maintenance Details

Table F-1. Year 2025 localized preventive maintenance details.

Branch	Section	Distress Type	Severity	Distress Quantity	Distress Unit	Maintenance Action	Unit Cost	2025 Estimated Cost
R02CD	01	ASR	High	9	Slabs	Slab Replacement - PCC	\$18.19	\$25,369
R02CD	01	Corner Spalling	Medium	9	Slabs	Patching - PCC Partial Depth	\$40.74	\$979
R02CD	02	Joint Seal Damage	Medium	69	Slabs	Joint Seal (Localized)	\$3.27	\$5,103
R13CD	01	Faulting	Medium	1	Slabs	Grinding (Localized)	\$0.39	\$5
T01CD	01	Joint Spalling	Medium	2	Slabs	Patching - PCC Partial Depth	\$40.74	\$398
T02CD	01	ASR	Medium	13	Slabs	Slab Replacement - PCC	\$18.19	\$26,148
T02CD	01	Joint Seal Damage	Medium	138	Slabs	Joint Seal (Localized)	\$3.27	\$8,084
TH01CD	02	Corner Spalling	Medium	2	Slabs	Patching - PCC Partial Depth	\$40.74	\$243
TH01CD	02	Joint Seal Damage	Medium	84	Slabs	Joint Seal (Localized)	\$3.27	\$4,665
TH01CD	02	Joint Seal Damage	High	82	Slabs	Joint Seal (Localized)	\$3.27	\$4,542
TH01CD	02	Joint Spalling	Medium	4	Slabs	Patching - PCC Partial Depth	\$40.74	\$1,165
TH01CD	03	Joint Seal Damage	Medium	74	Slabs	Joint Seal (Localized)	\$3.27	\$3,883

#### Table Notes:

- 1. See Figure 3 for the location of the branch and section.
- 2. Distress types are defined by ASTM D5340. L&T cracking = longitudinal and transverse cracking; LTD cracking = longitudinal, transverse, and diagonal cracking; ASR = alkali-silica reaction.
- 3. The costs provided are of a general nature for the entire State and may require adjustments to reflect specific conditions at Clarinda-Schenck Field Airport.



#### PREPARED FOR

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